

Revenue [DM.III(2)] Department

Annexure

Enclosure G.O.Ms.No.380, Revenue Department, Dated:27.10.2015

REVISED LIST OF ITEMS AND NORMS OF ASSISTANCE FROM STATE DISASTER RESPONSE FUND (SDRF) AND NATIONAL DISASTER RESPONSE FUND (NDRF)

Sl.No.	Items	Norms of Assistance
1	2	3
1	GRATUITOUS RELIEF	
	(a) Ex-gratia payment to families of deceased persons	Rs.4.00 lakh per deceased person including those involved in relief operations or associated in preparedness activities, subject to certification regarding cause of death from appropriate authority.
	(b) Ex-gratia payment for loss of a limb or eye(s)	(i) Rs. 59,100/- per person, when the disability is between 40% and 60% (ii) Rs.2.00 lakh per person when the disability is more than 60% Subject to certification by a doctor from a hospital or dispensary of Government, regarding extent and cause of disability.
	(c) Grievous injury requiring hospitalisation	(i) Rs.12,700/- per person requiring hospitalization more than a week (ii) Rs.4,300/- per person requiring hospitalization for less than a week
	(d) Clothing and utensils / household goods for families whose houses have been washed away / fully damaged / severely inundated for more than two days due to a Natural Calamity	Rs.1800/- per family for loss of clothing Rs.2000/- per family for loss of utensils / household goods.
	(e) Gratuitous Relief for families whose livelihood is seriously affected.	Rs.60/- per adult and Rs.45/- per child, not housed in relief camps. The Tahsildar shall verify and prepare a list of those affected and identify the beneficiaries.

		<p>Period of providing gratuitous relief will be as per assessment of State Executive Committee and the Central Team (in case of NDRF). The default period of assistance will be upto 30 days, which may be extended upto 60 days in the first instance, if required, and subsequently upto 90 days in case of drought / pest attack . Depending on the ground situation, the State Executive Committee can extend the time period beyond the prescribed limit subject to the stipulation that expenditure on this account should not exceed 25% of SDRF allocation for the year.</p>
2	<p>SEARCH AND RESCUE OPERATIONS.</p> <p>a) Cost of search and rescue measures / evacuation of people affected / likely to be affected</p>	<p>As per actual cost incurred, assessed by State Executive Committee and recommended by the Central Team (in case of NDRF)</p> <p>By the time if the search and rescue operations are over before the visit of the Central Team, then the State Executive Committee will assess/ recommend actual /near actual cost.</p>
	<p>b) Hiring of boats/ essential equipments for carrying immediate relief and saving lives.</p>	<p>As per actual cost incurred, assessed by State Executive Committee and recommended by the Central Team (in case of NDRF)</p>
3	<p>RELIEF MEASURES</p> <p>a) Provision for temporary accommodation, food, clothing, medical care, etc., for people affected/ evacuated and sheltered in relief camps.</p>	<p>A package of 10 KG rice, one saree and one dhoti, one litre of kerosene and Rs. 1000/- to the families evacuated from their houses and moved to shelters.</p> <p>As per assessment of need by State Executive Committee and recommendation of the Central Team (in case of NDRF) for a period up to 30 days. The State Executive Committee would need to specify the number of camps, their duration and the number of persons in camps. In case of continuation of a calamity like drought or widespread devastation caused by earthquake or flood etc., this period may be extended to 60 days, and upto 90 days in cases of severe drought. Depending on the ground situation, the State Executive Committee can extend the time period beyond the prescribed limit subject to the stipulation that expenditure on this account should not exceed 25% of SDRF allocation for the year. Medical care may be provided from National Rural Health Mission (NRHM).</p>
	<p>b) Air dropping of essential supplies.</p>	<p>As per actual, based on assessment of need by State Executive Committee and recommendation of the Central Team (in case of NDRF)</p> <p>The quantum of assistance will be limited to actual amount raised in the bills by the Ministry of Defence for airdropping of essential supplies and rescue operations only.</p>

	c) Provision of emergency supply of drinking water in rural areas and urban areas	As per actual cost, based on assessment of need by State Executive Committee and recommended by the Central Team (in case of NDRF) up to 30 days and may be extended upto 90 days in case of drought. Depending on the ground situation, the State Executive Committee can extend the time period beyond the prescribed limit subject to the stipulation that expenditure on this account should not exceed 25% of SDRF allocation for the year.
4	CLEARANCE OF AFFECTED AREAS	
	a) Clearance of debris in public areas.	As per cost, within 30 days from the date of start of the work, based on assessment of need by State Executive Committee for the assistance to be provided under SDRF and as per assessment of the Central team for assistance to be provided under NDRF.
	b) Draining off flood water in affected areas	As per actual cost, within 30 days from the date of start of the work, based on assessment of need by State Executive Committee for the assistance to be provided under SDRF and as per assessment of the Central team (in case of NDRF)
	c) Disposal of dead bodies / Carcasses	As per actuals based on assessment of need by State Executive Committee and recommendation of the Central Team (in case of NDRF)
5	AGRICULTURE	
	Assistance to farmers	
A	A) Assistance for land and other loss	
	a) Desilting of agricultural land (where thickness of sand / silt deposit is more than 3" to be certified by the competent authority of the State Government)	Rs.12,200/-per hectare. (Subject to the condition that no other assistance / subsidy has been availed of by / is eligible to the beneficiary under any other Government Scheme)
	b) Removal of debris on agricultural land in hilly areas.	
	c) De-silting / Restoration / Repair of fish farms	
	d) Loss of substantial portion of land caused by landslide, avalanche change of course of rivers	Rs.37,500/- per hectare whose ownership of the land is legitimate as per the revenue records.

B	<p>Input subsidy (where crop loss is 33% and above)</p> <p>a) For agriculture crops, horticulture crops and annual plantation crops</p>	<p>Rs.7410/- per hectare for crops other than paddy In rainfed areas and restricted to sown areas.</p> <p>Rs.13,500/- per hectare for crops in assured irrigated areas, subject to minimum assistance not less than Rs.1000 and restricted to sown areas.</p>
	b) Perennial crops	Rs.18,000/- per hectare. for all types of perennial crops subject to minimum assistance not less than Rs.2000/- and restricted to sown areas.
	c) Sericulture	<p>Rs.7410/- per hectare for Eri, Mulberry, Tussar.</p> <p>Rs.6,000/- per hectare for Muga.</p>
	d) Paddy	Rs.13,500/- per hectare subject to minimum assistance not less than Rs.1000 and restricted to sown areas.
6	<p>ANIMAL HUSBANDRY</p> <p>i) Replacement of milch animals, draught animals or animals used for haulage</p>	<p><u>MilchAnimals:-</u> Rs.30,000/- Buffalo / Cow / Yak / Mithun etc., Rs.3000/- Sheep / Goat / Pig</p> <p><u>DraughtAnimals:-</u> Rs.25,000/- Camel / Horse / Bullock etc. Rs.16,000/- Calf / Donkey/ Pony/ Mule.</p> <p><u>Poultry:-</u> Poultry @ Rs.100/- per bird .</p> <p>Note: Relief under these norms is not eligible if the assistance is available from any other Government Scheme, e.g., loss of birds due to Avian Influenza or any other diseases for which the Department of Animal Husbandry has a separate scheme for compensating the poultry owners.</p>
	ii) Provision of fodder / feed concentrate including water supply and medicines in cattle camps	<p>Large animals- Rs.70/- per day</p> <p>Small animals Rs.35/- per day</p> <p>Period for providing relief will be as per assessment of the State Executive Committee (SEC) and the Central Team (in case of</p>

		<p>NDRF). The default period for assistance will be upto 30 days which may be extended upto 60 days in the first instance and in case of severe drought upto 90 days. Depending on the ground situation the State Executive Committee can extend the time period beyond the prescribed limit, subject to the stipulation that expenditure on this account should not exceed 25% of SDRF allocation for the year.</p> <p>Based on assessment of need by State Executive Committee and recommendation of the Central Team, (in case of NDRF) consistent with estimates of cattle as per Livestock Census and subject to the certificate by the competent authority about the requirement of medicine and vaccine being calamity related.</p>
	<p>III) Transport of fodder to cattle outside cattle camps</p>	<p>As per actual cost of transport, based on assessment of need by State Executive Committee and recommendation of the Central Team (in case of NDRF) consistent with estimates of cattle as per Livestock Census.</p>
<p>7</p>	<p>FISHERY</p>	
	<p>(i) Assistance to Fishermen for repair/ replacement of boats, nets- damaged or lost -Boat -Dugout-Canoe -Catamaran -Net (This assistance will not be provided if the beneficiary is eligible or has availed of any subsidy/assistance, for the instant calamity, under any other Government Scheme)</p>	<p>i) Replacement of fully damaged/ lost wooden catamaran with a wooden catamaran, a full subsidy will be of Rs.32,000/-(inclusive of net)</p> <p>ii) For repair / rebuilding of partially damaged catamaran Rs.10,000/- unit</p> <p>iii) For replacement of fully damaged / lost wooden / FRP Vallam, the percentage of subsidy assistance will be enhanced from 35 % to 50% of the total cost subject to maximum subsidy of Rs.75,000/- calculated at a unit cost of Rs.1.5 lakhs (inclusive of engine and net)</p> <p>iv) For partially damaged FRP Vallam at the rate of Rs.20,000/- per unit</p> <p>v) For replacement of fully damaged / lost mechanised boats the subsidy to be paid will be 35% of total cost, restricted to a maximum subsidy of Rs.5 lakhs per boat.</p> <p>vi) For repairs of partially damaged mechanised fishing boats, the subsidy will be provided at 60% of the assessed value of the damages restricted to a maximum subsidy of Rs.3 lakhs per boat.</p> <p>vii) For replacement of Gill nets for catamaran Rs.10,000/- per unit. Repair of OBM / IBE Engines - Rs. 5000/- per engine.</p>

	ii) Input subsidy for fish seed farm	Rs.8,200/-perhectare (This assistance will not be provided if the beneficiary is eligible or has availed of any subsidy / assistance, for the instant calamity, under any other Government Scheme, except the one time subsidy provided under the Scheme of Department of Animal Husbandry, Dairying and Fisheries, Ministry of Agriculture)
8	HANDICRAFTS / HANDLOOM ASSISTANCE TO ARTISANS i) For replacement of damaged tools / equipments	Rs. 4,100/- per artisan for equipments - Subject to certification by the competent authority designated by the Government about damage and its replacement.
	ii) For loss of raw material / goods in process / finished goods	Rs. 4,100/- per artisan for raw material (Subject to certification by the competent authority designated by the State Government about loss and its replacement).
9	HOUSING (a) Fully damaged / destroyed houses / severely damaged Pucca house	i) Rs. 95,100/- per house,in plain areas. ii) Rs.1,01,900/- per house in hilly areas including Integrated Action Plan (IAP) Districts
	(b) Partially damaged Houses Pucca (other than huts) where the damage is at least 15%	Rs.5200/- per house
	c) Damaged / destroyed huts	Fully Damaged Hut - Rs.5,000/- per hut Partially Damaged Hut - Rs.4,100/- per hut and 10.k.g rice for each case of damaged huts.
	d) Cattle shed attached with house	Rs.2,100/- per shed

<p>10</p>	<p>INFRASTRUCTURE</p> <p>Repair / restoration (of immediate nature) of the damaged infrastructure</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Roads&bridges 2.Drinking water supply works 3.Irrigation 4.Power (only limited to immediate restoration of electricity supply in the affected areas) 5.Schools 6.Primary Health Centres 7.Community assets owned by Panchayat Sectors such as Telecommunication and Power (except immediate restoration of power supply), which generate their own revenue and also undertake immediate repair / restoration works from their own funds / resources are excluded. 	<p>Activities of immediate nature: Illustrative lists of activities which may be considered as works of an immediate nature are given as Annexure II.</p> <p>Assessment of requirements: Based on assessment of need, as per State's costs / rates / schedules for repair, by State Executive Committee and recommendation of the Central Team (in case of NDRF) As regards repair of roads, due consideration shall be given to Norms for Maintenance of Roads in India, 2001, as amended from time to time, for prepares of roads affected by heavy rains / floods, Cyclone, landslides, sand dunes, etc., to restore traffic For reference, these norms are -Normal and Urban areas: Upto 15% of total of Ordinary Repair (OR) and Periodical Repair (PR) -Hills: Upto 20% of total of OR and PR.</p> <p>In case of repair of roads , assistance will be given based on the notified Ordinary Repair (OR) and Periodical Renewal (PR) of the State. In case OR and PR rate is not available, then assistance will be provided @Rs.1 lakh/Km for State Highway and Major District Road and @Rs. 0.60 lakh/km for rural roads. The condition of "State shall first use its provision under the budget for regular maintenance and repair" will no longer be required, in view of the difficulties in monitoring such stipulation, though it is a desirable goal for all the States.</p> <p>In case of repair of Bridges and Irrigation works, assistance will be given as per the schedule of rates notified by the concerned States. Assistance for micro irrigation scheme will be provided @Rs.1.5 lakh per damaged scheme. Assistance for restoration of damaged medium and large irrigation projects will also be given for the embankment portions, on par with the case of similar rural roads, subject to the stipulation that no duplication would be done with any ongoing schemes.</p> <p>Regarding repairs of damaged drinking water schemes, the eligible damaged drinking water structures will be eligible for assistance @Rs.1.5 lakh/damaged structure.</p> <p>Regarding repair of damaged primary and secondary schools, primary health centres, Anganwadi and community assets owned by the Panchayats, assistance will be given @ Rs.2 lakh / damaged structure.</p> <p>Regarding repair of damaged power sector, assistance will be given to damaged conductors, poles and transformers upto the level of 11 kv. The rate of assistance will be @ Rs. 4000 / Poles, Rs.0.50 lakhs per km of damaged conductor and Rs.1.00 lakh per damaged transformer</p>
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